

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/



MASONRY Diffected:

Being an Universal and Genuine

DESCRIPATION

All its BRANCHES, from the ORIGINAL to the PRESENT TIME:

As it is delivered in the

Constituted Regular Lodges,

Both in CITY and COUNTRY, According to the

Several DEGREES of ADMISSIONS:

Giving an Impartial Account of their Regular Proceedings in initiating their New Members in the whole Three Degrees of FREE MASONRY;

V I Z.

I. ENTER'D 'PREN- | II. FELLOW CRAFT. III. MASTER. TICI.

WITH

A new and exact LIST of Regular Lodges, According to their Seniority and Constitution.

By SAMUEL PRICHARD,

Late Member of a Constituted Lodge.

To which is added.

The Author's VINDICATION of Himself; together with the Copy of the OATH that he took before an Alderman, that this was a true Copy of FREE MASONRY.

The Twentieth Edition.

LONDON:

Printed for CHARLES CORBETT, Stock-Broker, at his Correct State Lottery-Office, No. 30, Fleet-Street. I Price Six-Pence.]

Digitized by Google

されなけんされたけんずるかずるかがるかがったずんがっとけんずるんずる

Samuel Prichard maketh Oath, That the Copy hereunto annexed, is a True and Genuine Copy in every Particular.

Jura 13 Die Oct. 1730. coram me R. Hopkins.

Samuel Prichard.

Xtoctkoty42ctkctkct/Wtoctkctwatabloctkctk

TOTHE

Rt. Worshipful and Honourable

FRATERNITY

OF

Free and Accepted Masons.

Brethren and Fellows,

IF the following Sheets, done without Partiality, gain the universal Applause of so worthy a Society, I doubt not but their general Character will be diffused and esteemed among the remaining Polite Part of Mankind;

ii DEDICATION.

kind; which, I hope, will give intire Satisfaction to all Lovers of Truth; and I shall remain, with all humble Submission, the Fraternity's

Most Obedient

Humble Servant,

SAM. PRICHARD.

MASONRY DISSECTED.

HE original Institution of Masonry confisted on the Foundation of the Liberal Arts and Sciences, but more especially on the Fifth, viz. Geometry. For, at the Building of the Tower of Babel, the Art and Mystery of Masonry was first introduced, and from thence handed down by Euclid, a worthy and excellent Mathematician of the Egyptians, and he communicated it to Hiram, the Master Mason concerned in the Building of Solomon's Temple in Jerufalem; where was an excellent and curious Mason that was the Chief under the Grand-Master Hiram, whose Name was Mannon Grecus; who taught the Art of Masonry to one Carolus Marcel, in France, who was afterwards elected King of France; and from thence was brought into England in the Time of King Athelston, who ordered an Assembly to be held once every Year at York; which was the first Introduction of it into England, A 2 and and Masons were made in the Manner follow-

ing.

Tunc unus ex Senioribus teneat Librum, ut ille vel illi ponat vel ponant Manus supra Librum; dum precepta debeant legi, i.e. Whilst one of the Seniors holdeth the Book, that he or they put their Hands upon the Book, whilst the Master ought to read the Laws or Charges.

Which Charges were, That they should be true to one another without Exception, and should be obliged to relieve their Brothers and Fellows Necessities, or put them to Labour,

and reward them accordingly.

But in these latter Days, Masonry is not composed of Artificers, as it was in its primaval State, when some few Catechetical Questions were necessary to declare a Man sufficiently qualified for an operative Mason, The Term of Free and Accepted Masonry (as it now is) has not been heard of till within these sew Years: No constituted Lodges or Quarterly Communications were heard of 'till 1691. When Lords and Dukes, Lawyers and Shopkeepers, and other inferior Tradesmen, Porters, not excepted, were admitted into this Mystery, or no Mystery. The first Sort being introduced at a very great Expence, the fecond Sort at a moderate Rate, and the latter for the Expence of fix or feven Shillings, for which they receive that Badge of Honour, which (as they term it) is more ancient and more honourable than is the Star and Garter; which

which Antiquity is accounted, according to the Rules of Masonry, as delivered by their Tradicion, ever fince Adam, which I shall leave to the candid Reader to determine.

From the Accepted Masons sprang the Real Masons, from both sprang the Gormogons, whose Grand-Master the Volzi deduces his Original from the Chinese, whose Writings, if to be credited, maintained the Hypothesis of the Pre-Adamites, and consequently must be more antique than Masonry.

The most free and open Society is that of the Grand Kaibeber, which consists of a select Company of responsable People, whose chief Discourse is concerning Trade and Business, and promoting mutual Friendship, without

Compulsion or Restriction.

But after the Admission into the Secrets of Masonry, if any new Brother should dislike their Proceedings, and reslect upon himself, for being so easily cajoled out of his Money, declining the Fraternity, or secluding himself upon the Account of the Quarterly Expences of the Lodge, and Quarterly Communications, notwithstanding he has been legally admitted into a constituted and regular Lodge, he shall be denied the Privilege (as a Visiting Brother) of knowing the Mystery, for which he has already paid: Which is a manifest Contradiction, according to the Institution of Masonry itself, as will evidently appear by the following Treatise.

Enter d

Enter'd'Prentice's DEGREE.

Q. ROM whence came you?
A. From the Holy Lodge of St. John's.

Q. What Recommendations brought you from

thence?

A. The Recommendation which I brought from the Right Worshipful Brothers and Fellows of the Right Worshipful and Holy Lodge of St. John's; from whence I came, and greet you thrice heartily well.

Q. What do you come here to do?

A. Not to do my own proper Will, But to subdue my Passion still; The Rules of Masonry in Hand to take, And daily Progress therein to make.

Q. Are you a Mason?

A. I am so taken and accepted to be amongst Brothers and Fellows.

Q. How shall I know that you are a Mason?

A. By Signs and Tokens, and perfect Points of my Entrance.

Q. What are Signs?

A. All Squares, Angles, and Perpendiculars.

Q. What are Tokens?

A. Certain Regular and Brotherly Gripes.

Exam. Give me the Points of your Entrance.

Resp. Give me the first, and I will give you the second.

. Exam. I hail it.

Resp. I conceal it.

Exam. What do you conceal?

Resp. All

Resp. All Secrets and Secrecy of Masons and Masonry, unless to a True and lawful Brother, after due Examination, or in a just and worshipful Lodge of Brothers and Fellows well met.

Q. Where was you made a Mason?

A. In a Just and perfect Lodge.

Q. What makes a just and perfect Lodge?

A. Seven or more.

Q. What do they confift of?

A. One Master, two Wardens, two Fellow-Crafts, and two Enter'd 'Prentices.

Q. What makes a Lodge?

A. Five.

Q. What do they confift of?

A. One Master, two Wardens, one Fellow-Craft, and one Enter'd 'Prentice.

Q. Who brought you to the Lodge?

A. An Enter'd 'Prentice.

Q. How did he bring you?

A. Neither naked nor cloathed, bare-foot nor shod, deprived of all Metal, and in a right moving Posture.

Q. How got you Admittance?

A. By three great Knocks.

Q. Who received you?

A. A Junior Warden.

Q. How did he dispose of you?

A. He carried me up to the North-East Part of the Lodge, and brought me back again to the West, and delivered me to the Senior Warden.

Q. What did the Senior Warden do with you?

A. He presented me, and shewed me how to walk up (by three Steps) to the Master.

Q. What did the Master do with you?

A. He made me a Mason.

Q. How did he make you a Mason?

A. With my bare bended Knee and Body within

the Square, the Compass extended to my naked Left-Break, my naked Right-Hand on the Holy Bible: There I took the Obligation or Oath of a Mason.).:

Q. Can you repeat that Obligation?

A. I'll do my Endeavour. (Which is as follows:)

Hereby solemnly Vow and Swear, in the Presence of Almighty God, and this Right Worshipful Assembly, that I will Hail and conceal, and never Reveal the Secrets or Secrety of Mason or Masonry, that shall be revealed unto me; unless to a True and Lawful Brother, after due Examination, or in a Just and Worshipful Lodge of Brothers and Fellows well met.

I furthermore Promise and Vow, that I will not Write them, Print them, Mark them, Carve them, or Engrave them, or cause them to be Written, Printed, Marked, Carved, or Engraved on Wood or Stone, so as the Visible Character or Impression of a Letter may appear, whereby it may be unlawfully obtained.

All this under no less Penalty, than to have my Throat Cut, my Tongue taken from the Roof of my Mouth, my Heart plucked from under my Lest Breast; then to be buried in the Sand of the Sea, the Length of a Cable-Rope from Shore, where the Tide abbs and slows twice in twenty-four Hours; my Body to be burnt to Ashes, my Ashes to be scattered upon the Face of the Earth, so that there shall be no mere Remembrance of me among Masons.

So help me God.

Q. What Form is the Lodge?

A. A long Square.

Q. How long?
A. From East to West.

Q. How

Q. How broad?

A. From North to South.

Q. How high?

A. Inches, Feet and Yards innumerable, as high as the Heavens.

Q. How deep?

A. To the Centre of the Earth. Q. Where does the Lodge stand?

A. Upon Holy Ground, or the highest Hill or lowest Vale, or in the Vale of Jehosaphat, or any other secret Place.

Q. How is it situated?

A. Due East and West.

Q. Why fo?

A. Because all Churches and Chapels are, or ought to be fo.

Q. What supports a Lodge?

A. Three great pillars.

Q. What are they called? A. Wisdom, Strength and Beauty.

Q. Why fo?

A. Wisdom to contrive, Strength to support, and Beauty to adorn.

Q. What Covering have you to the Lodge?

A. A cloudy Canopy of divers Colours (or the Clouds.)

Q. Have you any Furniture in your Lodge?

A. Yes.

Q. What is it?

A. Mosaick Pavement, Blazing-Star, and Indented Tarsel.

Q. What are they?

A. Mosaick Pavement the Ground-Floor of the Lodge, Blazing-Star the Centre, and indented Taifel the Border round about it.

Q. What is the other Furniture of a Lodge?

A. Bible, Compass, and Square.

Q. Who

Q. Who do they properly belong to?

A. Bible to God, Compass to the Master, and Square to the Fellow-Craft.

Q. Have you any Jewels in your Lodge?

A. Yes.

Q. How many?

A. Six, three moveable, and three immoveable.

Q. What are the moveable Jewels?

A. Square, Level, and Plumb-Rule.

Q. What are their Uses?

A. Square to lay down true and right Lines, Level to try all Horizontals, and the Plumb-Rule to try all Uprights.

Q. What are the immoveable Jewels?

A. Trasel Board, Rough Ashler, and Broached Thurnel.

O. What are their Uses?

A. A Trasel Board for the Master to draw his Designs upon, Rough-Ashler for the Fellow-Craft to try their Jewels upon, and the Broached 1'hurnel for the Enter'd 'Prentice to learn to work upon.

Q. Have you any Lights in your Lodge?

A. Yes; three.

Q. What do they represent?

A. Sun, Moon, and Master-Mason.

N. B. These Lights are three large Candles placed on bigb Candlesticks.

Q. Why fo?

A. Sun to rule the Day, Moon the Night, and Master Mason his Lodge.

Q. Have you any fixed Lights in your Lodge? A. Yes.

Q. How many? A. Three.

N. B. These fixed Lights are three Windows, supposed (though vainly) to be in every Room where a Lodge is held; but more properly the

Digitized by Google

four Cardinal Points, according to the antique Rules of Masonry.

Q. How are they struated?

A. East, South, and West.

Q. What are their Uses?

A. To light the Men to, at, and from their Work.

Q. Why are there no Lights in the North?

A. Because the Sun darts no Rays from thence.

Q. Where stands your Master?

A. In the East.

Q. Why fo?

A. As the Sun rifes in the East and opens the Day, so the Master stands in the East (with bis Right Hand upon bis Left-Breast, being a Sign, and the Square about his Neck) to open the Lodge, and to set his Men at Work.

Q. Where stands your Wardens?

A. In the West.

Q. What's their Business?

A. As the Sun sets in the West to close the Day, so the Wardens stand in the West (with their Right-Hands upon their Lest-Breasts, being a Sign, and the Level and Plumb Rule about their Neck) to close the Lodge, and dismiss the Men from Labour, paying them their Wages.

Q. Where stands the Senior Enter'd 'Prentice?

A. In the South.

Q. What is his Business?

A. To hear and receive Instructions, and welcome strange Brothers.

Q. Where stands the Junior Enter'd 'Prentice ?

A. In the North.

Q. What is his Business?

A. To keep out all Cowans and Eves-droppers.

Q. If a Cowan (or Listner) is catched, how is he to be punished?

B 2

A. To

- A. To be placed under the Eves of the House (in rainy Weather) till the Water runs in at his Shoulders, and out at his Shoes.
 - Q. What are the Secrets of a Mason?

A. Signs, Tokens, and many Words.

Q. Where do you keep these Secrets? A. Under my Lest-Breast.

Q. Have you any Key to those Secrets? A. Yes.

Q. Where do you keep it?

A. In a Bone-Bone Box, that neither opens nor shuts but with Ivory Keys.

Q. Does it hang, or does it lie?

A. It hangs.
Q. What does it hang by?

A. A Tow Line nine Inches or a Span:

Q. What Metal is it of?

- A. No manner of Metal at all; but a Tongue of good Report is as good behind a Brother's Back as before his Face.
 - N. B. The Key is the Tongue, the Bone-Bone Box the Teeth, the Tow-Line the Roof of the Mouth.
 - Q. How many Principles are there in Masonry?

A. Four.

Q. What are they?

A. Point, Line, Superficies, and Solid,

Q Explain them?

A. Point the Centre (round which the Master cannot err) Line, Length without Breadth, Superficies, Length and Breadth; Solid comprehends the whole.

Q. How many principal Signs?

A. Four.

Q. What are they?

A. Guttural, Pectoral, Manual, and Pedestal.

Q. Explain them?

A. Guttural

A. Guttural the Throat; Pectoral the Breast, Manual the Hand, Pedestal the Feet.

Q. What do you learn by being a Gentleman-

Mason?

A. Secrefy, Morality, and Good-Fellowship.

Q. What do you learn by being an Operative-Mason?

A. Hue, Square, Mouldstone, lay a Level, and raise a Perpendicular.

Q. Have you seen your Master to-day?

Q. How was he cloathed?

A. Ina Yellow Jacket, and Blue Pair of Breeches. N. B. The Yellow Jacket is the Compasses, and the Blue Breeches the Steel Points.

Q. How long do you serve your Master?

A. From Monday Morning to Saturday Night.

Q. How do you serve him?

A. With Chalk, Charcoal, and Earthen Pan.

Q. What do they denote?

A. Freedom, Fervency, and Zeak

Examp. Give me the Enter'd Prentice's Sign.

Resp. Extending the Four Fingers of the Right-Hand, and drawing of them cross his Throat, is the Sign, and demands a Token. A token.

N. B. A Token is by joining the Ball of the Thumb of the Right Hand upon the First Knuckle of the Forefinger of the Brother's Right-Hand; that demands a Word;

Q. Give me the Word?

Exam. B O A Z. [N. B. The Exam. fays B Resp. O. Exam. A. Resp. Z. i. e. Boaz.] Give me another.

Resp. J A C H I N. (N. B. Boaz and Jachin were two Pillars in Solomon's Parch; it Kings. Chap. vii. Ver. 21.] · Q. How

Masonry Dissected.

Q. How old are you?

A. Under Seven. [Denoting be bad not passed Master.

O. What's the Day for?

A. To see in.

14

Q. What's the Night for?

A. To hear.

Q. How blows the Wind?

A. Due East and West.

Q. What's o'Clock?

A. High Twelve.

The End of the Enter'd 'Prentice's Part.

Fellow-Craft's DEGREE.

R E you a Fellow-Craft? A. I am.

Q. Why was you made a Fellow-Craft?

A. For the Sake of the Letter G.

Q. What does that G denote?

A. Geometry, or the fifth Science.

Q. Did you ever travel? A: Yes, East and West.

Q. Did you ever work?

A. Yes, in the Building of the Temple.

Q. Where did you receive your Wages?

A. In the Middle-Chamber.

Q. How came you to the Middle-Chamber?

....A. Through the Porch.

Q. When

- Q. When you came through the Porch, what did you see?
 - A. Two great Pillars.

Q. What are they called?

A. J. B. i. e. Jackin and Boaz.

Q. How high are they?

A. Eighteen Cubits.

Q. How much in Circumference? A. Twelve Cubits.

Q. What were they adorn'd with? Vide 1 Kings, A. Two Chapiters. Chap. 7.

Q. How high were the Chapiters?

A. Five Cubits.

Q. What were they adorn'd with?

A. Net-work and Pomgranates. j

Q. How came you to the Middle-Chamber?

A. By a winding pair of Stairs.

Q. How many?

A. Seven or more.

Q. Why feven or more?

A. Because seven or more make a just and perfect Lodge.

Q. When you came to the Door of the Middle-Chamber, who did you see?

A. A Warden.

Q. What did he demand of you?

A. Three Things.
Q. What were they?

A. Sign, Token, and a Word.

N. B. The Sign is placing the Right-Hand on the Left-Breast; the Token is by joining your Right-Hand to the Person that demands it; and squeezing him with the Ball of your Thumb on the first Knuckle of the Middle-Finger; and the Word is Jachin.

Q. How high was the Door of the Middle-

.. Chamber?

A. So high that a Cowan could not reach to stick a Pin in.

Q. When you came to the Middle, what did vou see?

A. The Resemblance of the Letter G. Q. What did that G denote?

A. One that's greater than you.

Q. Who's greater than I, that am a Free and

Accepted Mason, the Master of a Lodge?

A. The Grand Architect and Contriver of the Universe, or he that was taken up to the Top of the Pinnacle of the Holy Temple.

Q. Can you repeat the Letter G?

A. I'll do my Endeavour.

The repeating the Letter G.

Resp. In the Midst of Solomon's Temple there stands a G.

> A Letter for all to read and see; But few there be that understand What means the Letter G.

Ex. My Friend, if you pretend to be Of this Fraternity, You can forthwith and rightly tell What means that Letter G.

Resp. By Sciences are brought to Light Bodies of various Kinds, Which do appear to perfect Sight: But none but Males shall know my Mind.

Ex. The Right shall. Resp. If Worshipful.

Ex. Both Right and Worshipful I am, To hail you I have Command, That you ferthwith let me know, As I you may understand.

Resp. By

Resp. By Letters Four, and Science Five, This G aright doth stand, In a due Art and Proportion; You have your Answer, Friend.

N. B. Four Letters are Boaz; Fifth Science Geometry.

Ex. My Friend, you answer well,
If Right and Free Principles you discover,
I'll change your Name from Friend,
And henceforth call you Brother.

Resp. The Sciences are well compos'd Of noble Structure's Verse, A Point, a Line, and an Outside; But a Solid is the last.

Ex. God's good Greeting be to this our happy Meeting.

Resp. And all the Right Worshipful Brothers

and Fellows.

Ex. Of the Right Worshipful and Holy Lodge of St. Jobn's.

Resp. From whence I came.

Ex. Greet you, greet you, greet you thrice heartily well, craving your Name.

Resp. Timothy Ridicule.

Ex. Welcome, Brother, by the Grace of God.

N. B. The Reason suby they denominate themselves of the Holy Lodge of St. John's, is, because he was the Fore-runner of our Saviour, and laid the first parallel Line to the Gospel. Others do assert, that our Saviour himself was accepted a Free-Mason whilst he was in the Flesh; but how ridiculous and prophane it seems, I leave to the judicious Reader to consider.

The End of the Fellow-Craft's Part.

The Master's Degree.

↑ R E you a Master-Mason? A. I am; try me, prove me, disprove me if you can.

Q. Where was you passed Master?

A. In a perfect Lodge of Masters.

Q. What makes a perfect Lodge of Masters? A. Three.

Q. How came you to be passed Master?

A. By the help of God, the Square, and my own Industry.

Q. How was you passed Master?

A. From the Square to the Compass.

Ex. An Enter'd 'Prentice I presume you have been.

R. Jackin and Boaz I have feen; A Master-Mason I was most rare, With Diamond, Ashler, and the Square.

Ex. If a Master-Mason you would be,

You must rightly understand the Rule of Three.

And * M. B. shall make you free: * Macbenah. And what you want in Masonry, Shall in this Lodge be shewn to thee.

R. Good Masonry I understand, The Keys of all Lodges are at my Command.

Ex. You're an heroick Fellow; from whence came you?

R. From the East.

Ex. Where are you a going?

R. To the West.

Ex. What are you going to do there?

R. To feek for that which was lost and is now found.

Ex. What was that which was lost and is now found?

R. The Master-Mason's Word.

Ex. How was it lost?

R. By three great Knocks, or the Death of our Master Hiram.

Ex. How came he by his Death?

R. In the Building of Solomon's Temple he was Master-Mason, and at high 12 at Noon, when the Men were gone to refresh themselves, as were his usual Custom, he came to survey the Works; and when he was entered into the Temple, there were three Russians, supposed to be three Fellow-Crasts, planted themselves at the three Entrances of the Temple; and when he came out, one demanded the Master's Word of him; and he replied, he did not receive it in such a Manner; but Time and a little Patience would bring him to it. He, not satisfied with that Answer, gavehim a Blow which made him reel. He went to the other Gate; where he was accosted in the same Manner, and making the same Reply, he received a greater Blow, and at the Third his Quietus.

Ex. What did the Ruffians kill him with?

R. A Setting-Maul, Setting-Tool, and Setting-Beetle.

Ex. How did they dispose of him?

R. Carried him out at the West-Door of the Temple, and hid him under some Rubbish till high 12 again.

Ex. What Time was that?

R. High 12 at Night, whilft the Men were at Rest.

Ex. How

Ex. How did they dispose of him afterwards? They carried him up to the Brow of the Hill, where they made a decent Grave, and buried

him.

Ex. When was he missed?

R. The same Day.

Ex. When was he found?

R. Fifteen Days afterwards.

Ex. Who found him?

R. Fifteen Loving Brothers, by Order of King Solomon, went out of the West-Door of the Temple, and divided themselves from Right to Left, within Call of each other; and they agreed, that if they did not find the Word in him, or about him, the first Word should be the Master's Word. One of the Brothers, being more weary than the rest, sat down to rest himself; and taking hold of a Shrub, which came easily up, and perceiving the Ground to have been broken, he hailed his Brethren; and pursuing their Search, found him decently buried in a handsome Grave 6 Foot East. 6 West, and 6 Foot perpendicular; and his Covering was green Moss and Turf; which surprized them; whereupon they replied, Muscus Domus Dei Gratia; which, according to Masonry, is, Thanks be to God, our Master has got a Mossy House: So they covered him closely; and, as a farther Ornament, placed a sprig of Cassia at the Head of his Grave, and went and acquainted King Solomon.

Ex. What did King Soloman fay to all this?

R. He ordered him to be taken up and decently buried, and that 1 5 Fellow-Crafts, with white Gloves and Aprons, should attend his Funeral. [Which ought, among Masons, to be performed to this Day.]

Ex. How was Hiram raised?

As all other Masons are, when they receive the Master's Word.

Ex. How

Ex. How is that?

R. By the Five Points of Fellowship.

Ex. What are thev?

R. Hand to Hand', Foot to Foot', Cheek to Cheek', Knee to Knee', and Hand to Back',

N. B. When Hiram was taken up, they took bim by the Fore-finger, and the Skin came off, which is called the Slip; the spreading the Right-Hand, and placing the Middle finger to the Wrist, clasping the Fore-finger, and the Fourth to the Sides of the Wrist, is called the Gripe; and the Sign is, placing the Thumb of the Right-Hand to the Left-Breast, extending the Fingers.

Ex. What's a Master Mason named?

R. Casha is my Name, and from a just and perfect Lodge I came.

Ex. Where was Hiram interred?

R. In the Sanctum Sanctorum.

Ex. How was he brought in?

R. At the West-Door of the Temple.

Q. What are the Master-Jewels? R. The Porch, Dormer, and Square Pavement.

Q. Explain them?

R. The Porch, the Entering into the Sanctum Sanctorum, the Dormer the Windows or Lights within, the Square Pavement the Ground Flooring.

Ex. Give me the Master's Word?

Q. Whispers him in the Ear, and supported by the five Points of Fellowship before-mentioned, says Machenab, which signifies, The Builder is smitten.

N. B.

N. B. If any Working-Masons are at Work, and you have a desire to distinguish Accepted Masons from the rest, take a Piece of Stone, and ask him what it smells of: He immediately replies, neither Brass, Iron, nor Steel, but of a Mason; then by asking him how old he is, he replies, above Seven, which denotes he has passed Master.

The End of the Master's Part.



The following is a correct List of Regular Lodges, according to their Seniority and Constitution, when this new Edition went to Press; but if there should be any Errors or new Lodges arise, upon the Members giving Notice thereof to CHARLES CORBETT, they shall be - carefully Corrected and properly placed in the next Edition.

OUEEN's Arms, St. Paul's Church-Yard, the West-India and American Lodge, 2d Wednesday, 4th a Master's Lodge.

2 Horn, Westminster, 2d Thursday. These two Constituted Time immemorial.

3 George, Grafton-Street, Ann's, 1st and 3d Thursday, Jan. 17.

4 Crown and Rolls, Chancery-Lane, 2d and 4th Tuesday, Jan. 19, 2721. 5 Fox and Goose, King-Street, Se-

ven Dials, 1st and 3d Wednesday, Jan. 28, 1721.

6 Salmon and Bell, Charles-Street, Soho-Square, 1st and 3d Wednesday, Feb. 27, 1722.

7 King's Arms New Bond-Street, 2d and last Thursday, Nov. 25, 1722. 8 Crown, Leadenhall-Street, 1st and

3d Wednesday, May, 1722.
9 Dundee Arms, Wapping New Stairs, 2d and 4th Thursday, 1722.

10 Bunch of Grapes, Chatham, 1st and 3d Monday, March 28, 1723. 11 King's-Arms, Wandsworth, 1st

and 3d Tuesday, March 30, 1723. 12 Anchor, Rosemary-Lane, 1st

and 3d Friday, April 1, 1723. 13 Mourning-Bush, Aldersgate, 2d

and 4th Friday, 1723.

14 Baptist's Head and Anchor, Chancery Lane, ad and last Thursday, Aug. 4, 1723.

15 Golden Anchor, at the Ballaft Key, in East Greenwich, 2d and 4th Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1723.

16 Salutation, Grey-Fryers Newgate-Street, 1ft Thursday, Sept. 18, 1723. 17 Greyhound, Garlick-Hill, 2d

and laft Wednesday, 1723. 18 Red-Horse, in Old Bond-Street,

3d Monday, Dec. 24, 1723. 19 Angel, Norwich, 1st Thursday,

20 Dolphin, Chichester, 3d Wedaciay, July 17, 1724.

21 Three Tons, Portsmouth in Hampshire, 1st and 1d Friday, 4 o'Clock, 1724.

22 Caftle, Lombard-Street, 2d and 4th Monday, Jan. 22, 1724.

23 Queen's Head, at Stockton upon Tees, in the County of Durham, 12 "

and 3 Friday, Feb. 1724. 24 Sun, Ludgate-Street, 4th Mon-

day, April, 1725.

2 c Pon's Coffee-House, Castle-Street, Istand 3d Tuesday, May 25, 1725.

26 St. Alban, St. Alban's Street,

3d Monday, Jan. 31, 1727. 27 Three Fleur-de-Luces, St. Bez-

nard-Street, Madrid, 1st Sunday, 1727. 28 Red Cow, West-Smithfield, 1st and 3d Wednesday, 1728.

20 Queen's Head, Red Cross-Street, Southwark, 1st and 3d Thursday,

1728. 30 Gibraltar, at Gibraltar, 1st Tues-

day, Nov. 1728. 31 Lion, Lynn Regis, Norfolk, 1st

Friday, Oct. 1, 1729.

32 George, St. Mary Axe, 2d and 4th Monday, Jan. 22, 1729. 33 Horn, Fleet-Street, 1st and 3d Thuriday, Jan. 24, 1729.

34 Peacock, King-Street, St. James's Square, 2d and 4th Tuesday, March,

25, 1730. 16 Red Crofs, Barbican, 1st Wedneiday, 3d a Master's Lodge, May 22,

37 Castle at Putney, 2d Thursday.

July 17, 1730. 38 Saracen's Head, Lincoln, 1st Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1730.

39 Platter, White Lion-Yard, Norton Falgate, 1st Friday, Jan. 26, 1730.

41 Fox, Caftle-Street, Southwark, 2d Monday, 1730.

42 Windmill, Rolemary-Lane, 1ft Monday, 1730.

Digitized by GOOQ

24 A LIST of REGULAR LODGES, &c.

43 Angel, Macclesfield, Chefhire, 1731.

44 ferufalem Tavern, Clerkenwell, ed and 4th Wednesday, Dec. 17, 1711. 45 Half Moon, Cheapfide, 2d

Wednesday, Dec. 21, 1731. A6 Salutation and Cat, Newgate-

Street, sk and ed Monday, Jan. 11,

47 King's Arms, St. Margaret's-Hill, Southwark, Third Monday, Feb. 2, 1791.

48 King's Arms, Leigh, in Lanca-

Shire, Feb. 22, 1731.

49 A la Ville de Tonerre, Rue des Boucherries, a Paris, 18 Monday, April 3, 1732.

40 Turk's Head, Greek Street, Soho, ift and 3d Wednelday, May 25, 3732.

51 King's Arms, Mary-le-bone Street, Piccadilly, 2d and 4th Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1732.

52 London Prentice, at Hoxton.

ed Tuesday, July 12, 1732. 53 London Bridge Punch House.

18 Tweiday, Sept. 8, 1732. 54 Royal Oak, Derby, Sept. 14,

3738-55 A Private Room, Bolton Lee

Moor, Lancashire, next Wednesday to every Full Moon, Nov. 9, 1732.

56 Cough, Blue Boar Row, Salifbury, aft and 3d Wedneiday, Dec. 27, 1732.

57 Queenhithe Coffee House, 2d and 4th Monday, Feb. 17, 1792.

58 Swan, Chelsea, 2d and 4th Thursday, March 3, 1732.

59 White Bear, Bath, 1st and 3d

Tuesday, May 18, 1739.
60 Cross Keys, Henrietta-Street, Covent-Garden, 1st Tuesday, May 23,

61 Red Lion, Bury, Lancashire, next Thursday to every Full Moon,

July 26, 1733. 62 Talbot, Stourbich, Worcester-Thire, every Wednesday, Aug. 1733.

63 Sun, St. Paul's Church-Yard, 2d and 4th Wednesday, Dec. 27,

64 Swan, Birmingham, laft Monday, 1733.

65 Royal Exchange, Boston in New England, 2d and 4th Saturday, 1733. 66 Valenciennes, French Flanders,

¥733·

67 Masons Arms, Plymouth, 1st and ad Friday, 2734. 68 Sampson and Lion, East-Smith-

field, late the Ship at the Henry age, Ift and 3d Thuriday, Feb. 17, 1734.

69 King's Head, near the Watch-House, High Holborn, 2d and 4th Wednesday, June 11, 1735.

70 Bedford Head, Stewards Lodge, Southampton Street, Covent-Garden, Publick Nights, 3d Wednesday in

March and December.

71 In Holland, 1735. 72 Fencers, near Newczelle upon Tyne, 1st Monday, June 24, 1735. 73 Caftle, Aubigney in France, 1ft

Monday, Aug. 12, 1735.

74 Nov. 12, 1735.

75 Savannah, in the Province of Georgia, 1735.

76 Angel, Colchefter, 2d and 4th

· Monday, 1735.

77 Fountain, Gatefhead, in the Bishoprick of Durham, ad and 4th Wednelday, March 8, 1715.

78 Green Man, Shrewsbury, 1st

Monday, April 16, 1736. 79 Rifing Sun, Fashion Street, Spit-

tle Fields, 1st and 3d Tuesday, June 11, 1736.

80 King's Head, Norwich, last Thuriday, 1736.

81 The Custom House, by the Old Dock, Liverpeol, 1st Wednesday, June 25, 1736.

82 Salutation, Nicholas Lane, 1st and 3d Monday, Aug. 16, 1736.

83 Rofe, Edgebufton Street, Birmingham, ad and left Tuesday, Sept. 20, 1716.

84 Bell, Friday Street, 1ft and 2d

Tuesday, Dec. 2, 1736.

.85 George, Ironmonger Lane, 2d and 4th Tuesday, Dec. 21, 1736.

87 Two Blue Posts, Southampton-Buildings, Holborn, 3d Tuefday, Jan. 24, 1736.

88 Crown, West-Smithfield, 4th Tueiday, Feb. 14, 1736.

89 Three Tuns, Spittle-Fields, 2d and 4th Friday, April 18, 1737.

oo Chayman's Coffee-House, Sackville-Street, 1ft and 3d Tuelday, Aug. 24, 1737.

or Salutation, Budge Row, 2d and 4th Thursday, Sept. 21, 1737.

ge Sun,

92 Sun, Milk-Street, Honey-Lane Market, 1st and 2d Tuesday, Dec. 8. ¥737.

93 Angel, Shipton Mallet, Somersetshire. 1st and 3d Monday, Dec. 12, ¥737.

94 Parham Lodge, Parham, An-

tigua, Jan. 31, 1734.
95 Swan, Gloucester, 1st and 3d Friday, March 28, 1738.

96 Helmet, Bishopigate-Street, 2d

Tuesday, May 3, 1738. 97 Black Bull, Halifax, Yorkshire, laft Monday, July 12, 1738.

08 The Great Lodge, at St. John's, Antigua, 2d and 4th Wednelday, Nov.

82. 1738.

90 Fox, near the Square, Mancheffer, 1st and 3d Monday, 1748. 100 Black Lion, Nottingham Court,

Seven Dials, 2d and 4th Monday, Jan.

·27. 1738.

101 Swan, Watergate-Street, Chefter, 2d Tuefday, Feb. 1, 1738.

101 Red Lion, Hornchurch, in Effex, Ift Friday, March 13, 1738.

104 BakersLodge, St. Mary's-Street, St. John's, Antigua, March 14, 1738. 105 Kingston, in Jamaica, 1st and 3d Saturday, April 14, 1739.

106 April 24, 1739.

107 Scotch Arms, the Mother Ledge, at St. Christopher's, held at Baffeterre, ift Thursday, June 21,

108 Crown and Ball, Playhouse-. Yard, Black Friers, 1st Tuesday, Aug. 24, 1739.

109 Eaft-India Arms, John-Street, Blacks-Fields, Horseleydown, 1st and

3d Wednesday, Oct. 8, 1739. 110 King's Arms and Ton, Hyde Park Corner, 2d and 4th Wednesday,

Oct. 25, 1739. . III Red Bull, Long-Lane, West-Smithfield, 2d and 4th Monday, Dec. 7, 1739.

112 King's Head, in the Poultry, 3d Wednesday, Jan. 10, 1739.

112 Private Room, Laufanne, in the Caton of Bern, Switzerland, Feb. 1, 1739-

114 Three Lions, Banbuzy, Oxfordshire, every Full Moon, if on a Thursday, or the Thursday before, March 31, 1740.

115 Ship, James-Street, Covent-Garden, Second Tuesday, June 26, 1740,

116 Mourning Bush Tayern, Corn-Street, Briftol, 2d and 4th Wednesday, Tuly 10, 1740.

117 The Third Lodge, Calcutta.in Bast-India, 1740.

118 St. Michael's Lodge in Ber-

badoes, 1740. 119 Bunch of Grapes, Decker-Street, Hamburgh, every other Thurs-

day, Oct. 23, 1740.

120 George, Whitehaven, Cumberland, 14 Monday, March 19, 1740. 121 Ship and Castle, High-Street, Haverford-West, South Wales, April

14, 1741. 122 Swan, the Old French Lodge in Grafton-Street, 1st and 3d Thurs-

day, April 13, 1742. 123 Old Road, at St. Christopher's.

]an. 17, 1742.

124 Union, Francfort, in Germany,

2d and 4th Tuesday, Jan. 17, 1742... 125 Three Horseshoes, Leominster, in the County of Hereford, Oct. 11, 1742.

126 Port Royal Lodge, Jamaica, 1742.

127 Angel, Dolgelly in Merionethfhire, North Wales, 1st Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1743.

128 St. George, Emperor's Court. at Hamburgh, every other Wednesday, Sept. 24, 1743.

129 Bull, High Street, Briftol, 1ft and 3d Tuesday, March 20, 1747.

130 New Lodge, Copenhagen, Denmark, Oct. 25, 1745

131 St. Jago de la Vego, in Jamaica, April 29, 1746.

132 Bear, Norwich, 2d and 4th Tueiday, May 9, 1747.

133 A New Lodge, St. Euftatia. Dutch Island, West-Indies, Jan. 6, 3747.

134 Pope's Read, Plymouth, May 1, 1748.

135 Jan. 15, 1748. 136 Queen's Head, Norwich, 3d Tuelday, Jan. 5, 1748.

137 Bear, Cambridge, ad Monday, March 31, 1749.

138 Lodge of Orange, at Rotterdam, May 5, 1749.

139 St. Martin's Lodge, at Copenhagen, in Denmark, Oct. 9, 1749.

140 Rampant Horle-Tavern, Norwich, 2d and 4th Wednesday, Jan. 9, 1749

141 No. 1, at Minorea, 1st Thursday, Feb. 9, 1750.

141 No. 2, at Minorca, 2d Tuefd.y, May 23, 1750. 143 No. 3, at Minorca, 1st Wed-

neiday, June 24, 1750.

144 St. Chriftopher's, at Sandy Point, July 20, 1750.

145 Union, Norwich, 2d and 4th Monday, Feb. 12, 1751.

146 King's Arms, Falmouth, 2d and last Thursday, May 20, 1751.

147 Angel, Great Yarmouth, in

Norfolk, June 6, 1751. 148 King's Head, West-Street, Gravefend, 1st and 3d Thursday, June

8, 1751.

149 St. Andrew, the Sea Captains Lodge, near the Hermitage, 2d and 4th Friday, Aug. 29, 1751.

150 No. 4. at Minorca, 1ft Mon-

·day, Nov. 26, 1751.

151 King's Arms, at Helston, in Cornwall, 1st and 3d Tuesday, April 14, 1752.

152 St. John's Lodge, at Bridgetown, in the Island of Barbadoes, 4th Mon-

day, April 23, 1752. 153 Ship, Leadenhall-Street, late the Bell at Aldgate, 2d and 4th Mon-

day, July 17, 1752. 154 King's Head, Broad St. Giles's, Ist and 3d Tuesday, Aug. 21, 1752.

155 King's Head at Truro in Cornwall, 2d and laft Tuesday, Sept. 22.

156 At Chardenagere, the Chief French Settlement in Bengal, East India.

157 At Madrass, in East India.

153 At the Hague, in Holland.

159 St. Peter's Lodge, in the Island of Barhadoes, 1st and 3d Saturday, Dec. 15, 1752,

160 Jan. 7, 1753. 161 Lion and Goat, Grosvenor-Street, 2d and 4th Monday, Feb. 24,

1(2 Harrow, Salifbury Court, 2d and 4th Wednesday, March 5, 1753.

167 Angel, Piccadilly, 2d and 4th ·Monday.

164 Lilly Tavern, in Guernsey,

May 10, 1753. Nag's Head, Wine-Street, 165 Briftol, 2d and 4th Tuelday, Aug. 22, Aug. 1754.

16 6 Queen's Head, Great Queen-Street, 2d and 4th Tuelday, Oct. 23. 3753.

167 Red Lion, Market-Street, Carmarthen, South Wales, Ift and 4d Monday, Oct. 24, 1753.

168 King's Head, Prince's Street, Cavendish-Square, 2d and 4th Wednesday, Nov. 5, 1753.

169 Caftle and Lion, White Lion Lane, Norwich, 3d Wednesday, Nov.

10, 1753. 170 Evangelist's Lodge, at Antiqua.

Nov. 10, 1753. 171 At Amsterdam, Nov. 20, 1757.

172 Rose and Crown, at Prescot, Lancashire, Wednesday next before Full Moon, Dec. 20, 1752.

173 The Royal Exchange, in the Borough of Norfolk, Virginia, 1st

Thursday, Dec. 22, 1753.

174 St. Paul's Lodge, at Speight's Town, in Barbadoes, 1st and 3d Tuefday, Jan. 31, 1754.
175 White Hart, Mansel-Street.

Goodman's Fields, 2d and 4th Wednefday, Feb. 9, 1754.

176 Redruth, in Cornwall, 1st and

3d Thursday, Feb. 14, 1754.

177 Bear, Leman-Street, man's Fields, 1st and 3d Wednesday, Feb. 18, 1754.

178 Mitre, Union-Street, Westminster, 2d Tuesday, March 2, 1754. 179 Chequers, All Saints, Norwich,

March 4. 1754.

180 Swan, Ramfgate, in the Isle of Thanet, 2d and 4th Monday, March 8, 1754.

181 Parrot, Cow-Lane, in Leeds, 1st. Wednesday, March 28, 1754.

182 Robin Hood, Butcher-Row. near St. Clement's, 1ft Thursday, March 29, 1754.

183 Horn, Doctors Commons, 2d Monday, April 5, 1754.

184 Paul's Head, Doctors Commons, 2d and 4th Monday, April 13, 1754.

185 Swan, Wostminster Bridge, 1st and ed Wednesday, May 13, 1754.

186 Ruftal's Coffee house, Sharard-Street, Golden-Square, 2d and 4th

Wednesday, June 4, 1754. 187 Pelican, Leicester, 1st and 3d Tuefday, Aug. 21, 1754.

188 Red House, Cardiff, Glamorganshire, South Wales, 2d Monday,

189 Bear.

189 Bear, Cowbridge, Glamorganthire, last Monday, Sept. 1754.

190 No. 2, at St. Eustatia, Dutch

Iffand, West Indies, 1754.

-191 Queen's Head, Lowstoff, in Suffolk, Second Monday, Oct. 29,

102 Chequers, Charing Crofs, 2d

Tuesday, Nov. 2, 1754.

193 The Two Spies, King-Street, Seven-Dials, 2d and 4th Monday,

Dec. 14, 1754. 194 King's Head, Salford, near Manchester, 1st and 3d Monday, Feb.

4, 1755

195 No. 8. The King's own Regiment of Foot, 1st and 3d Tuesday,

Feb. 15, 1755.

196 Two Blue Posts, Old Bond-Street, 2d and 4th Friday, March 2,

1755.

197 Jack of Newberry, Chiswell-Street, 1st and 3d Wednesday, April

5, 1755.
108 White Hart, St. James's-Street, 2d and 4th Thursday, May 5,

100 Ship and Castle, Penzance. in Cornwall, ist and 31 Wednesday, June

14, 1755.

Bricklayers Arms, Duke-200 Street, Grofvenor Square, ift and 3d Tuesday, June 17, 1755. 201 Shoulder of Mutton, St. Au-

gustin's Parish, City of Norwich, 1st and 3d Monday, June 17, 1755.

202 The Lodge of Charity, at Am-

fterdam, June 24. 1755.

203 Golden Lion, Foregate Street, Chefter, every other Monday, June 24. 1755.

204 Lion, Beccles, in Suffolk, July

14, 1755.

205 Swan Tavern, in York Town, Virginia, 1st and 3d Wednesday, Aug.

1, 1755. 206 The Flower in Hand, Parish of St. Mary, Norwich, 1st and 3d Tues-

day, Sept. 16, 1755.

207 Sunderland, near the Sea, in the County of Durham, 1st Friday, O&. 7, 1755.

208 The Grand Lodge Frederick, at Hanover, Nov. 25, 1755.

2c9 Plume of Feathers, Bridges Street, Chester, Dec. 2, 1755.

210 Princels of Wales's Arms, upper End of Cranbone Ally, Leicester Fields, sit and 3d Monday, Jan. 20, 1756.

211 A Lodge in Capt. Bell's Troop. in the Right Hon, Lord Ancram's Regiment of Dragoons, Feb. 7, 1756.

212 Anchor and Crown in the Strand, 2d and 4th Friday, Feb. 26, .3755.

213 A Lodge at Willmington, on Cape Fear River, in the Province of North Carolina, March, 1755.

Water-Street, 214 White Lion.

Liverpool. April 15, 1755.

215 The Lodge of Peace, at Am-

fterdam, Sept. 23, 1756.

216 Hoop and Bunch of Grapes, St., Martin's Lane, 1st and 3d Tuesday, April 30, 1756.

217 White Horse, Corner of New Burlington-Street, 1st and 3d Thurs-

day, Dec. 2, 1756.

218 At the Marquiss of Carnarvon's, at Sunderland, near the Sea, 1st and 3d Tuesday, Jan. 14. 1757.

219 In the Parish of St. Mary, in the Island of Jamaica, Feb. 17, 1757. 220 Crown, Christmas Street, Bristol, 2d and 4th Thoriday, Feb. 17, 1757. 221 At Parliament Coffee-House, in Parliament Street, 2d and 4th

Tuesday, Feb. 14, 1757.

222 Sun, in the Strand, 4th Wednesday, Feb. 21, 1757.

223 Dove and Branch, in the Parish of St. Lawrence, Norwich, 2d Wedneiday, March 23, 1757.

224 Sancta Croix, a Danish Island in the West-Indies, 1756.

225 Cock, the Head of the Side. Newcastle upon Tyne, 1st Monday, Oct. 13, 1757.

226 Bacchus, Bloomsbury Market. 2d Monday, May 4, 1757.

227 Sun, at Shadwell, Ift and 7d Monday, Oct. 31, 1757.

228 The Lodge of Regularity, at Amsterdam, Nov. 21, 1757.,

229 Queen's Head, Duke's Court. Bow-Street, Covent Garden, 1st and 2d Wednesday, Dec. 20, 1757.

230 St. Michael's Lodge, in the City of Severn, in the Dutchy of Mecklenburg, May 15, 1754.

231 Cock, in the Parish of St. Mary, Norwich, Feb. 18, 1758.

232 Red Lion, South Side-Street. Plymouth, 2d and 4th Monday, Match 1, 1758.

233 Bell, Broad-Street, Briftol, ad and 4th Monday, March 8, 1758. 234 Lodge at Bombay, in the East-

Indies, March 24, 1758.

BOOKS Printed for CHARLES CORRETT.

315 Green Man, Berwick Street, St. James's, Aug. 6, 1758.

236 Swan, the Sea Captains Lodge, at Yarmouth, Norfolk, Jan. 1, 1759. 237 Three Crowns, the 2d Division

of Marines, Plymouth, Jan. 2, 1750. 238 St. James's Lodge, at Barbadoes. March 20, 1758.

230 New Inn, at Exeter, 1ft and ad Wednesday, 1722.

240 Sun, at Newton Abbot, Devon-Sire, 1st and 2d Thursday, March 17, 1759-

241 Mendway's Wine Vaults, in the West Town of Crediton, Devonshire, Firk Monday, April 21, 1759.

242 Royal Oak, Portimouth Common, 2d and 4th Friday, April 21,

243 Square and Compais, Barnard Castle, in the County of Durham. April 21, 1759.

244 Mermaid, at Windfor, June 6,

245 The Temple Lodge at Briftol. If and 3d Monday, July 2, 1759.

INIS.

BOOKS and PAMPHLETS

Printed for, and Sold by,

HARLES CORBETT,

STOCK-BROKER.

A Treatise on the Virtues and Efficacy of a Caust of Bazad eat early in the Morning fashing: With Remarks on the great Cures accomplished by the Saliva, or Fasting Spittle.

*. The Reader paying a due Regard to the Rules laid down by Dr. Robinson in the aforesaid Treatise, will save a wast Expence in unnecessary

Medicines taken for all Windy Disorders, &c. Price 28. 6d. ftitched

II Reflections on Courtship and Marriage: Wherein a Practical Plan is laid down for obtaining and fecuring Conjugal Felicity, proper to be read by every Person that intends to enter into that State. Price 1s. flitched.

III. The Mistory of Charlotte Summers, the Fortunate Parish Girl:-Who, from that low flation, role to be a Lady of very great Quality. In two Volumes. Price 6s. bound.

IV. Almira, the History of a French Lady of Distinction; with Anecdotes of some great Families. Price 3s. bound.

V. The Law concerning PAWNEROKERS and USUBERS. Containing all the Statutes and Cases in Law and Equity extant, relating to Pawns and Ususy, suited to all Capacities, especially those who are unacquainted with Law Terms, and particularly ferviceable to those who are necessitated to Pawn any Thing, or Borrow Money. Price 28. bound.

VI. The Beauties of the English Stage, confishing of the most affecting Passages in all the English Plays, both ancient and modern, digested under proper Heads: With a Lift of Plays from their first appearance on the Stage,

or in Print. In 3 Volumes. Price 91. bound.

VII. The Use and Abuse of Parliaments 1 In two Historical Discourses,

BOOKS Printed for CHARLES CORDETT.

12. A general View of the Government of Europe.

ad. A Detection of the Parliaments of England, from the Year 1660.

" England can never be undone but by a Parliament."

A Maxim of the Great Lord BURLRIGE'S, In two Octavo Volumes. Price 20s. bound.

VIII. A new and easy Method to understand the Roman History. With an exact Chronology of the Emperors, &c. And an Abridgement of the Roman Antiquities and Customs; By Way of Dialogue, by Mr. Baown, for the Use of Schools, Price 22, bound.

IX. The Child's Plaything. Being a Spelling-Book intended to make the Learning to read a Divertion, instead of a Task. The whole adapted

to the Capacity of Children.

Price 10. bound, with a Frontispiece of the PRINCE of WALES.

X. The Merry Medley, or Christmas Box for gay Gallants, and good Companions; defigned to prevent and expel all Melancholy Thoughts, and enable even the low Spirited to drive the Cold Winter away, with Mirth and Melody; being a choice Collection of celebrated and Jovial Songs fet for the Voice, Violin and modish Country Dances; together with abundance of diverting Stories, and merry Jokes, pleasant Pieces of Poetry, Epigrams, droll Dialogues, Facetious Fables, odd Speeches, Ludicrous Letters, Risible Reflections, Arch Sayings, Rare Riddles, Love Adventures, Humorous Courthips, and many dexterous and delightful Tricks, by Slight of Hand, explained. The Whole comprised in two Volumes, in Twelves. with proper Cuts.— Price 6s, bound.

XI. The House-keepers Quide, being a Pocket Companion for all Perfons liable to be called upon Offices, particularly describing the Duty of Seavengers, Constables, Questmen, Oversers; Church Wardens or Vestry Men; also, Parish Clerks, Organists, Beadles, Sextons and Watchmen; likewise, Surveyors of the Highway, Headboroughs, &c. Together with the Duty and Nature of the Office of High and Petty Constables. The Whole according to the Laws of England, being revised by an eminent Lawyer, and will save a vast deal of unnocessary Trouble and Expence to every Parish Officer. Price 2s. neatly bound.

XII. A Description of London and Westmainster, and Parts adjacent, for Forty Miles round, giving a short but full Account of every Thing worthy of Notice, vis. Their Majesties Royal Palaces, the Nobility and Gentry's Houses and Seats, Public Buildings, Places of Diversion, and Entertainment, the Monuments and Curiosities in Westminster Abbey, also of St. Psai's, Tower of London, Royal Society, the Museum, Wax Work, Guild-Hall, Mansson-House, &cc. To which is added, for the Use of all Persons who may be at a Loss to find any particular Place, a compleat Alphabetical List of all Streets, Cross Streets, Lanes, Squares, Courts, Alleys, and every Thoroughsare whatever, throughout London, Westminster, and Southwark. Price 2s. bound.

XIII. Serious and Comical Amusements for the Entertainment of Mankind, containing a Collection of pleasant and merry Tales, particularly Cuckolds Fortunate when their Wives are Witty, Duel pleasantly ender Nice Way of declaring Love, Woman's blind Side, Favourite of a good Prince, an Ingenious Revenge, an Unusual Charity, &c. Price 1s. 6d. bound.

XIV. Poems upon feveral Occasions, viz. The Choice, Love Triumphana, over Reason, Cruelty and Lust, the Divine Attributes, Prospect of Death, Conslagration and last Judgment. By the Rev. Mr. John Pompart, with some Account of his Life and Writings, also his Remains. Price 18. 6d.

XV. The Traveller's Pocket Book, or Ogilby and Morgan's Book of the Roads, improved and amended in a Method never before attempted; with a whole Sheet Map of the Roads in England and Wales, fitted to bind with the Book; also a List of all the Cities, Towns, and Villages; shewing in what Road they are fituated, &c, Price 18. 6d. bound.

BOOKS Printed for CHARLES CORBETT.

XVI. The Description and Use of the Globes, in Question and Answer: with an Explanation of the Terms. To which is added, an Appendix, concerning the Properties of the Four Elements, Fire, Air, Water, Earth : and those of the Atmosphere; also a Brief Account of Eclipses and their Causes. The Whole compiled and digested in such a Manner as to render it both Intelligible and Instructive. By Jeremiah D'Avenant, Philomath. Cœli enarrant Gloriam Dei.

Sold also by W. Flexney, near Gray's Inn Gate, and S. Chandler Printer, at Holborn-Bars.

XVII. The Plays of Shakespeare, in 8 vol. by Samuel Johnson, L. L. D.

Price 21. 8s. bound.

XVIII. Hudibras, in Three Parts, Written in the late Wars, corrected and amended with large Annotations, and a Preface, by Zachary Grey. L. L. D. adorned with a new fet of Cuts, in 2 vol. 8vo. Price 14s. bound.

XIX. Bailey's Dictionary, comprehending the Derivation of the generality of Words, in the English Tongue; either ancient or modern, also and Explication of all difficult Words, &c. Price 6s. bound.

XX. Dialogues of the Dead, by the Archbishop of Cambray. Price 38.

fewed, or 4s bound.

XXI. Expository Notes, with Practical Observations, on the New Testa-

ment, by W. Burkett, M. A. Price 11. 4s. bound. XXII. The Whole of Milton's Pieces, in Five Volumes Quarto, Price

51. 17s. neatly bound. XXIII. Boyer's Royal Dictionary, French and English, and English and

French, in Quarto, price 18s bound; in 8vo. price 6s. bound.
N. B. All the Plays, Entertainments and Oratorios, as acted at Coventa-Garden, and Drury-Lane Theatres, are Sold at the faid C. Corbett's, where the Lottery Bufiness is, with Fidelity and Punctuality, transacted, and ready Money given for prices. Also Tickets carefully searched, at only 1d. each. from the Year 1741, to the present Time.

CHARLES CORBETT.

STOCK-BROKER,

Buys and Sells by Commission, all Kind of Government Securities, viz. Bank, India, and South Sea Stocks, 3 per Cent. 3 - and 4 per Cent. Annuities, India Bonds, Navy and Victualling Bills, Lottery Tickets, &c.

• Commissions are received at his Office, No. 30, Fleet-Street: or every Day, (except Holidays) at the Bank.

L, L. D. aud

XIX. Bailey's Dictionary, comprehending the Delivery lity of Words, in the English Tongue; either ancient or moders, allo as Explication of all difficult Words, &c. Price 6s, bound.

XX. Dialogues of the Dead, by the Archbishop of Cambray. Prize

fewed, or 4s bound.

XXI. Expository Notes, with Practical Observations, on the New Telsment, by W. Burkett, M. Ar. Price 1l. 4s. bounds.
XXII. The Whole of Milton's Pieces, in Fire Volumes Quine, Pint

XXIII. Boyer's Royal Dictionary, French and English, and English and 51. 17s. neatly bound.

French, in Quarto, price 18s bound; in 8vo. price 6s. bound. N. B. All the Plays, Entertainments and Oratorios, as acted at Comme Garden, and Drury-Lane Theatres, are Sold at the faid C. Carbett , when the Lottery Bufiness is, with Fidelity and Punctuality, transites, as rap Money given for prices. Also Tickets carefully fearches, at only to case from the Year 1741, to the present Time.

యేలుకేంద్రం మైల మైల మైలమైలకేంద్రం మైల కార్యాంకేంద్రం మైల మెలమైలకేంద్రం మైలమైలమైలమైలమైలమైలమై CHARLES CORBETT, D-AVPR.